

Venustiano Carranza

- Bridge quotation (341)
- Encyclopedia on Mexican History; Idolizes Juarez
- Pragmatism > Idealism (338)
- From northern state of Coahuila; wealthy family
 - Studied in Mexico City during Diaz coup in 1870s
 - Madero supports him as governor of Coahuila in 1909
- 1910 Coup Carranza suggests Madero needs a real revolution (337)→ Maderistas did not listen





Appearance & Impact (340)

- Age 54 in 1914 = "Old Man of the Revolution"
- Height & Composure 6' 4" & very proper
- Beard = Respect. Slow & deliberate manner



Plan de Guadalupe (342-43)

- 3/26/1913
- Overthrow of dictator & restoration of const. gov.
 No social reforms→ restore law, then help the masses (343)
- <u>Results</u>: New Constitution, national bank, laws for peasants & workers, international relevance



Primer Jefe

- "First Chief" of the Constitutionalist Army

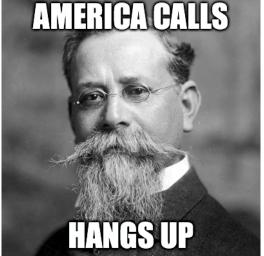
 Supported by Villa & Alvaro Obregon
- HQ in Sonora→ Villa leads troops in East, Obregon in West, to Mexico City→
- 7/15/1914 Huerta flees to Europe→ Carranza becomes provisional leader



Seeds of Discontent

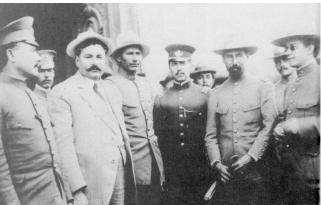
- Really hated America (346)
- US Marines land at Veracruz (4/21/1914)
 - Mexican sovereignty violated
- "Not the only *jefe*"
 - Zapata breaks with him September 5
 - Villa disavows him September 23
 - <u>KRAUZE</u> "Power belonged to no one, and almost no one was loyal to anyone but himself"





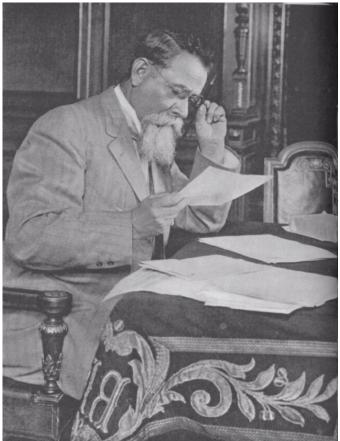
Aguascalientes & After (349-51)

- October 1914
- Youth calls for Carranza's resignation
 - Carranza's conditions 1. Effective pre-constitutional regime, 2./3. Resignation & exile of Zapata & Villa
 Distrusts "assemblyism"→ only he can do it (350)
- Moved government to Veracruz
 Negotiated unconditional US withdrawal
- US recognizes him (Oct.1915) \rightarrow Back to MexCity



Road to Constitution (351-52)

- Laws of Reform (1915)– constitutional liberalism
 - Discussion to break up estates, but only through const.
 - <u>Result</u>: Slow, tedious process that ends in more violence than land redistribution



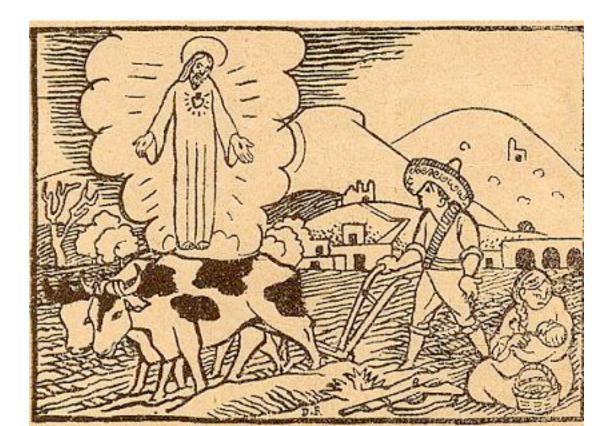
Reds & Foreigners (353-356)

- "**Red Battalions**" Workers join up with Carranza to take on Villa & Zapata→
 - 1916 Carranza has reactionary response to strikes, drafts all the workers, abolishes right to strike/unions
 – Workers figure they'll wait for someone better
- Tries to reclaim natural resources by taxing UK/US oil/mining→ refuses diplomacy & never repeals



Church & State

- Followers commit acts of sacrilege \rightarrow
 - Carranza did not denounce their actions \rightarrow
 - Puts Church under Ministry of Finance (357)



Constitutional Convention (1916)

- Carranza (Reform) vs. Radicals (Revolution) (359)
 - 85 Conservatives & 132 Radicals attend
 - Radicals, led by Mugica wanted social reform in text





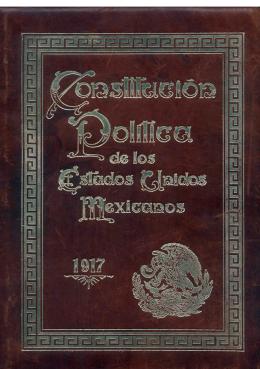
Notable Articles

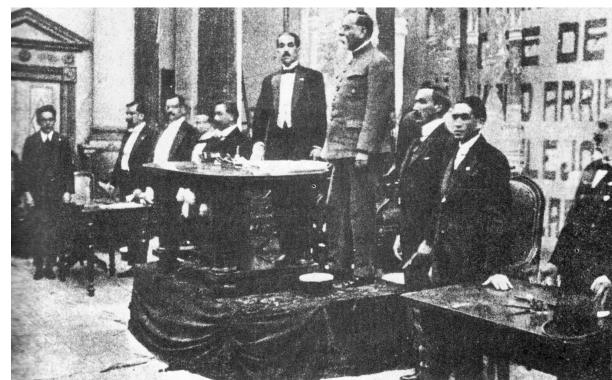
- #27 Land Reform (359-60)
 - Small, private ownership vs. collectivization of land & natural resources by the Nation (W)
 - Only Mexicans can own property in Mexico
 - Only government could issue property to foreigners
 - Not anti-capitalist \rightarrow State capitalist (Keen)
 - **KRAUZE**: Only Bolsheviks would go further

- #123 Labor Relations (360-361)
 - Minor changes to rights, but NOT right to strike vs. 8hr.
 Workday, no child labor, protection of women, holidays, fair pay in cash, arbitration, unemployment, day care & prenatal care(W)
 - <u>**KEEN**</u> Most advanced labor code in the contemporary world
- #3 & #130 Church & State (361-62)
 - "The customs of people don't change overnight" vs. "The clergy is the most dismal, most perverse enemy of the fatherland" (W)
 - Deny church legal rights, priests much register, religious education forbidden, rituals denied outside Church, religious property = national property

Birth of 20th Century Mexico (365-366)

- Politically, Carranza gains w/ new Constitution
 - Executive power strengthened, No VP, legislature weakened, judges appointed for life as check on leg.
 - Women denied citizenship & political rights
- 5/1/1917 Carranza legally elected President





Some Bad Stuff Happened...

- Carranza very conservative \rightarrow didn't abide by Const.
 - No education reform, only helped foreign business, neutral in WWI (flirtation w/ GER) (368)
- Debt, unemployment, destruction of infrastructure, black markets, disease, crop failures, etc.
- No mercy toward enemies (Angeles, Villa, Zapata)
- <u>KRAUZE</u> History would blame him, and with reason (367)



Fall of Carranza

- 1920 "A man whose time had passed" (369)
- Constitution barred reelection → puppet Ignacio Bonillas was rigged to win election (370)
- Sonora generals, led by Obregon, opposed him w/ *Plan de Agua Prieta* when rigging was clear→

- Leads coup to depose Carranza

• While on the run, Obregon's henchmen catch up to him→ it is likely he took his own life (373)

