King Andrew
Targets
Minority Treatment

• Little to no concern for AfAm or NAm
  – One of the largest slaveholders in SW; pro-slavery
  – Indian Removal Act (1830) – “voluntary” removal of NAm in Five Civilized Tribes → Choctaw leave 1831
  – Seminole resist most fiercely → 2nd Seminole War
  – Trail of Tears (1830s) – Cherokee win Worcester v. Georgia → Forced W. of Mississippi
Nullification Crisis

• 1832 – S. Carolina feared protective tariff; claimed discriminatory & unconstitutional

• **John C. Calhoun** – changes political views to oppose Jackson & tariff (was VP)

• Stressed nullification of federal laws

• Jackson sends warships to protect union

• **Henry Clay** facilitates compromise tariff → OK!
National Bank Controversy

- 2\textsuperscript{nd} National Bank (1816-1836)
- Jackson “almost obsessed” with destroying it; claimed unconstitutionality, but *McCullough vs. Maryland* (1819) said differently
- Since Panic of 1819 → bank was prosperous; Jackson felt it a puppet to rich NE interests
• 1823 – aristocratic Nicholas Biddle is pres of bank
• 1832 – Biddle—urged by Clay and Webster—pushed through renewal of charter early to make Jackson’s inevitable veto a campaign issue → Wins re-election easily & veto stays as Anti-Masonic Party takes votes from Clay’s National Republicans
• Jackson stopped using National Bank, instead opting for state “pet banks”
Panic of 1837

- Biddle responds by calling in loans → contracts fed. money supply → pet banks speculate wildly

- **PANIC!** – Federal surplus given to states + int’l payment deficit → Federal bank is BROKE!

- **Whigs** – created as Anti-Jackson party in 1836

- **Specie circular** – only gold and silver accepted as payment for federal lands → hurts speculators