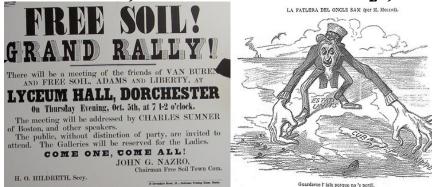


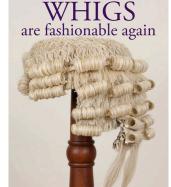
Compromise?!

Political Parties

- Free Soil Opposed to slavery in all forms, esp. in new territories
- Whigs Came from National Republicans in 1830s; northern & anti-slavery (Clay, WHH, Seward, Taylor)
- American Party (Know-Nothings) Wanted to "clean up" by excluding foreigners/Catholics; prohibition & corruption
- **Democrats** Opposed to privilege & advocates for pragmatism; Support **Ostend Manifesto** re: Cuba
- **Republicans** Northerners who want to help poor whites, abolish slavery, free soil, contain slavery

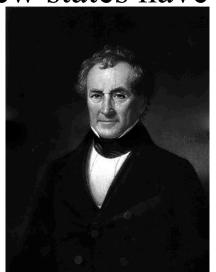






Problem #1

- Balance of 11 Free & 11 Slave states; MO wants to enter as slave state
- Tallmadge Amendment (1819) Prohibit slaves in MO & gradually free existing ones → fails in Senate
- <u>Issue</u>: Does Congress have the right to decide?
 - N: Framers thought slavery a temporary condition
 - S: New states have same rights as old under 5th Am.





Missouri Compromise (1820)

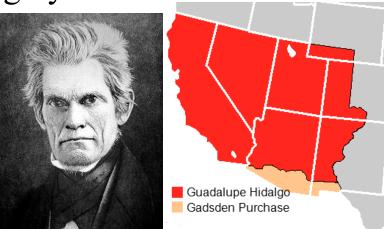
- Henry Clay MO = slave, ME = Free
- 36° 30' N Split LA Purchase into free/slave
- **IMPACT**: Tension grows on slavery, but expansion issue put on hold



Problem #2

- Wilmot Proviso (1846) All new territory is free
 - Passes House, not Senate
 - N: Support for moral, sectional & racist reasons (296)
- Calhoun (1947) Proposes that all territories should include slavery; Congress could only forbid when applying for statehood; unresolved
- Result of Treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo (1848)
 - US gains NM, CA, UT
 - Taylor encourages popular sovereignty → CA/NM do →
 - Congress refuses to admit them...

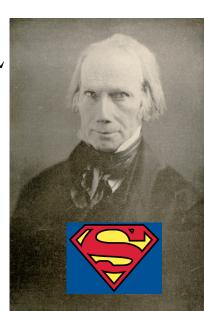




Compromise of 1850

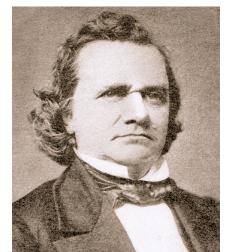
- Another Clay proposal
 - CA would enter as a free state; NM & UT slave
 - TX gives up land to NM & USFG gives \$10M to pay off their debts
 - DC could not trade slaves
 - Enforce more effective Fugitive Slave Law
 - Congress promises not to intervene in interstate trade
- IMPACT: Nobody really happy...but relieved
 - Northern Free-Soilers angry
 - GA Platform Resist ban in DC or restrict FSL
 - Douglas & Cass embrace popular sovereignty





Problem #3: Kansas-Nebraska Act

- **1854** Western Territory Slave or Free?
- Stephen Douglas Repeal MO Compromise & introduce popular sovereignty to Kansas & Nebraska
- NE votes free \rightarrow not a problem since North
- KS MO Settlers want slavery, but few slaves
 - Free-Soilers race to settle KS
 - 2 Constitutions: Topeka (Free Soil), Lecompton (Slavery)







Impacts

- New Republican Party anti-slavery Northerners
- Bleeding Kansas John Brown leads raid killing 5
 - Guerrilla warfare between free/slave supporters
 - 200 Die; \$2M damage
 - Charles Sumner Caned for anti-slavery speech
 - Robert Walker Sent by Buchanan to negotiate
 Const. → Lecompton (no Free Soilers voted)
 - Douglas leads opposition to statehood for KS
- KS not admitted until 1861 (free) after secession