“A house divided against itself cannot stand. I believe this government cannot endure, permanently, half slave and half free. I do not expect the Union to be dissolved — I do not expect the house to fall — but I do expect it will cease to be divided. It will become all one thing or all the other.

Abraham Lincoln, "A House Divided", 1858
Some Lackluster Leadership

- Van Buren (D) – 1837-1841 – Short!
- Harrison (W) – 1841 – Dies!
- Tyler (W) – 1841-1845 – Lots ‘o Children!
- Polk (D) – 1845-49 – Napoleon of the Stump!
- Taylor (W) – 1849-50 – Dies!
- Fillmore (W) – 1850-53 – Bathtub!
- Pierce (D) – 1853-1857 – New Hampshire!
- Buchanan (D) – 1857-1861 – Bachelor!
Dred Scott v. Sanford (1857)

• Dred Scott was a slave who had lived in MO, WI & IL before moving back to MO→ Sues for freedom

• Starts legal battle in 1846→ SCOMO rejects in ’52

• 1854 – Revisited & elevated to SCOTUS in ‘57
  – Does Constitution give slaves right to sue? Was Missouri Compromise constitutional?

• 5-4 (5 Justices from slave states) that Scott isn’t a citizen & doesn’t have the right to sue. Property.
  – MO Comp. unconstitutional b/c 5th Am. property interp.
Panic of 1857

• Life insurance co. fails → foreclosures, bankruptcies, unemployment throughout North → 2-yr. depression
  – RR investment & real estate speculation to be near RRs
• New gold & ↓ value of wheat; only cotton stable
• South: Fine. Slavery better than “wage slaves” in N.
• North: Blames South for low tariffs → manufacturers & workers became Republicans
Lincoln-Douglas Debates (1858)

• Douglas & Buchanan broke Dems in 1858 over Lecompton Constitution

• Douglas challenged in IL Senate race by Abraham Lincoln, who thought Congress should decide to prohibit slavery instead of popular sovereignty
  – Lincoln did not believe in socio-political equality for blacks, just the end of slavery

• Lincoln wins debates, but Douglas wins
  – Will never be president b/c of his alienation of Northern anti-slavery & Southern slaveholding factions
  – Republicans take House ➔ rebuke to Buchanan
John Brown’s Raid (1859)

- Harper’s Ferry, VA – Occupied federal arsenal & took 40 hostages
  - Marines sent w/ Col. Robert E. Lee capture Brown
  - Chose self-defense → evidence he intended to raise a slave insurrection

- Charged with treason & hanged.
  - Terrorist? Insane? Martyr?

- South: Incensed with any positive mention; fear of slave insurrections & midnight assassinations

- North: Generally did not support Brown, but some did
Election of 1860

- **Northern Dems** – Douglas – Split w/ Southern Dems over slavery in national platform
- **Republicans** – Lincoln – Contain slavery, condemn Brown, increase tariff, RR bill, homestead bills
- **Constitutional Union** – John Bell – Stop secession
- **Southern Dems** – John Breckinridge – “A vote for Lincoln is a vote for secession”
- Lincoln wins! – South saw slavery decisions could be made without them.
Secession

- **STAMPP** – “Orderly, rather than revolutionary”
- 12/18/1860 – Crittenden Compromise → Blocked.
  - Protect new territory under MO Comp. line (Caribbean)
  - Federal Slave Code w/ no personal liberty laws
  - Constitutional amendments w/ “unamendable” slavery
- Feb. Peace Conference in DC → Also failure.
- 12/20/1860 – SC Secedes.
- 2/7/1861 – Confederate States of America born.